

PRICE ONE CENT.

EXTRA. 2 O'CLOCK.

TORTURE OF M'KANE.

Ex-Secretary Tracy Again Puts Him on the Gridiron.

The Boss "Paid a Little Attention to Election Returns."

But Can't Explain the Six Voters for Eight Residents.

In view of the damaging evidence given by himself Saturday, it was not to be wondered at that John Y. McKane looked worn and worried when he resumed the witness-chair this morning in the Brooklyn Court of Oyer and Terminer.

McKane went on the stand with the avowed determination of clearing himself of the suspicion of perjury, which rested on him after his declaration under oath Saturday that he had sworn falsely to an affidavit drawn for the purpose of defeating the mandamus proceedings.

Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy continued the cross-examination. He began in the same gentle, insinuating manner which characterized his tactics Saturday, first asking McKane to state whether he recommended the appointment of the enumerators who took the Gravesend census of 1892. The witness said that he did.

"Do you know who they were?"

"I can't remember their names now."

"Was it ever brought to your attention that the census of February, 1892, showed a population of 8,418, and that the registry list showed 6,218 voters?"

"Yes, I read it in the newspapers."

"You have made no study of election returns, have you not, Mr. McKane?"

"No, sir; I have looked into that a little."

"Then you know that that would be a proportion about six voters to every eight people?"

"About that."

"The many names appeared on the registry list of the Second Gravesend District in 1892?"

"About 1,000 or, to be correct, 1,094."

"When did you learn that in 1893 the registry list bore 2,000 names?"

"I don't know."

"Have you any idea how these 1,500 new names got on the list?"

"I don't know who it was that told Mr. McKane in the Town Hall Oct. 27 that Mr. Gaynor couldn't get a copy of the list without a subpoena."

"I understand that it was Officer Uprich, of the Gravesend District?"

"Yes, he did say so. Mr. McKane then saw you afterwards?"

"I told him I had better sense than to give such an order to a policeman when I had no jurisdiction."

"Did you ever make that statement before?"

"I think I said it in an affidavit, but perhaps not in those words."

"How many affidavits have you made since these proceedings began?"

"Four, I think."

"Did you ask Mr. Murphy to make a copy of the list for Mr. Gaynor?"

"This answer raised a smile throughout the courtroom."

"I don't remember."

"Gen. Tracy then came down to the witness chair, and Mr. McKane's copiers went down to Gravesend."

The witness in the next breath told how he had received the telephone message from Coney Island Police Headquarters to go to the scene, and how he and several men were gathered around the Gravesend Town Hall.

"There was a disturbance at first between his evidence to-day and that given on his direct examination except that he did not remember to-day that he ordered the sergeant to send all the men to the Town Hall. He thought he only told the sergeant and some men to Gravesend."

"Do you mean to say, Mr. McKane, that the sergeant told the men that they were going to seize the registry lists?"

"No."

"Do you think they would have seized the records?"

"I don't doubt it."

"Have you ever made that statement before in an affidavit?"

"No, I don't know what it is in affidavits now."

McKane finally admitted that he did not make any statement to-day that he was ashamed of his conduct and that he was to be found in such company. He told me that the men were drunk and that I did right in arresting them.

It was McKane said, partly because the men were intoxicated and partly because of their conduct that he ordered their arrest.

TO IGNORE THE WRIT, BLUE-NOSE WEATHER

Republican State Senators Won't Mind Judge Clute.

Saxton Will Direct Clerk Kenyon to Call the Roll.

Says the Injunction Served Last Friday Is Useless.

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, Feb. 5.—The situation in the Senate, so far as the passage of bills is concerned, does not change, so far as to-day's developments are concerned, for both sides to the pending controversy are stubborn and say they will not give in.

On the President's desk are the Buffalo and Lansingburg charter bills, and in the keeping of the clerk are the resolutions of the Republicans to investigate the State Commissions and the elections in cities. Those cannot be acted upon as long as the Democrats can filibuster, and that is an indefinite time.

Judge Clute, who issued the injunction order regarding the calling of Wolf's name on the roll, said to-day that it was not a returnable order, but an order pending certain proceedings. If the Republicans wanted to argue as to its being dismissed, he would listen to them. As to the contempt proceedings, he was not at all disturbed. A Supreme Court Judge had the right to interfere with a clerk and a County Judge had the same rights as a Supreme Court Judge. He refused to say what action he would take if the injunction was disobeyed.

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"We shall ignore the order of Judge Clute entirely, and to-night I will order Clerk Kenyon to call the roll. We would have taken this action long ago, but the injunction was served at short notice, and I did not want to judge hastily and get into trouble. As I suspected, the order is perfectly useless, and no judge has the right to interfere with the majority in this way. We propose to see that the majority is not disturbed."

"Will there be any attempt to bring Judge Clute before the Bar of the Senate?"

"I do not know why we should waste time in doing such a thing. His order is useless, unless he attempts to enforce it by issuing an order of arrest against Clerk Kenyon for disobeying his worthless injunction. That case he must clearly in contempt. But we will not waste time in doing such a thing, if he has any respect for himself."

The Red Star steamship Pennland, which left Antwerp on Jan. 20, usually makes the voyage in twelve days under ordinary circumstances. It has not yet been sighted. The Pennland should reach port in safety, will be the first of the Red Star line to dock on this side of the river since they gave up their plan in Jersey City. Both boats were expected to arrive on Jan. 20, but the Red Star line steamer, which was due on Saturday last, is still unreported.

The Cunard liner Umbria, which was two days overdue, was sighted off Fire Island at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

CAUGHT IN A HURRICANE.

The bark Rydalmer almost a wreck when picked up.

The bark Rydalmer was a slight ship when it was picked up this morning by the tugboat Lodi. She was a wreck above deck, and her hull was badly damaged. She sailed from Demerara forty days ago with a cargo of sugar, consigned to Vernon H. Brown & Co.

After struggling through a succession of gales, the bark was struck by a hurricane at 2 A. M. on Jan. 31, and her mainmast was carried away. Two lifeboats stove in and everything movable above decks washed into the sea. She was about forty miles southeast of Barbados at the time, and drifted before the wind until Saturday evening, when she signalled the Red Star line tugboat Lodi.

Other vessels arriving report fierce weather at sea. The steamship Premier, from Central American ports, passed the delinquent schooner Fannie E. Woolton at 1:30 P. M. on Feb. 1 in latitude 22° 20' N. and longitude 72° 20' W. The schooner was almost a complete wreck. The Premier passed an unknown American brig with a foremast gone. Two other vessels were seen. The Premier passed a spar floating on end, apparently attached to a sunken wreck.

Mrs. Craven Robbed by Her Son.

Henry Craven, 65 years old, was remanded in the care of the City Society in the Town Police Court, this morning charged by his mother, Mrs. Craven, with robbing her of \$275 and some jewelry while she was at church yesterday. None of the property was found in the boy's possession.

Suicide in the St. James.

P. Brady, thirty years old, who lived in Philadelphia, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself in the chest with a revolver. He was found by a passerby and taken to the hospital.

Man Prominent Officers and Officials Recommended Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1894.

CHOATE KEEPS MUM.

But It Is Evident He Will Not Be Counsel to Investigators.

Chamber of Commerce Deals the Committee Another Blow.

Not Police Corruption, but Non-Partisan Bill Its Object of Attack.

The Senate Committee, which came down from Albany on Friday last to investigate alleged frauds in the Police Department, received another setback this morning. They came down in the belief that the Chamber of Commerce and other organizations, as well as Henry Dr. Parkhurst, would receive their kind open arms, and that charges of all kinds would be formulated and proved. They were also satisfied that Lawyer Joseph H. Choate would be only too happy to act as counsel.

They received a chilly reception on Friday evening, and the cold spell continued the greater part of Saturday. Then the Senators thawed out when President Smith, of the Chamber of Commerce, said he felt sure he could induce Mr. Choate to accept.

At that time Mr. Smith was full of fire, and even Dr. Parkhurst seemed to regard the Committee with a more friendly eye.

Strange things have happened since then. To begin with, Mr. Choate declines positively to serve as counsel. He said that much to an "Evening World" reporter this morning in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, where the lawyer was arguing a case.

Mr. Choate would not state the reasons which prompted him to refuse, but which prompted him to refuse, "and beyond that have nothing to say."

Next comes the Chamber of Commerce and says it has no charges to make against the Police Department of corruption and blackmail. The Chamber, according to President Smith, is interested in the investigation, but only in the regular course of business.

Manhattan Police Commissioner Smith is against the investigation, but only in the regular course of business.

When the "Evening World" reporter saw Mr. Smith at the Chamber of Commerce this morning he would not say whether or not he was contented with the report that he was a secret which would be revealed to the subcommittee appointed by the investigating committee on Saturday. He said he had no objection to the investigation.

The reporter had scarcely left the Chamber when Mr. Smith appeared. He and Mr. Smith had a long conversation, after which Mr. Smith retired smiling.

"Are you to be one of the associates counsel?" the reporter asked Mr. Smith.

"I cannot be consulting on the subject," was the reply.

Have you been asked to act in that capacity?" persisted the reporter.

"I have been asked to act in that capacity," was the reply.

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NOT A SUBJECT FOR INVESTIGATION.

Harlem Speedway Resounds to Music of Pick and Shovel.

Mayor Gilroy Opens the Labor Feast with a Brief Speech.

Immense Crowd Present Cheers Him to the Echo.

Fully 2,000 men with picks and shovels congregated at One Hundred and Fifty-second street and St. Nicholas place at 9 o'clock this morning to apply for work on the Harlem River Speedway when work should be formally opened.

At promptly 9 o'clock Mayor Gilroy and President Tappan, of the Board of Park Commissioners, arrived upon the scene. The air was nipping cold, and the ceremony of formally opening the work, which it is promised will give work in the near future to at least 1,500 of the city's unemployed, was hastily gone through with.

The Mayor was met at the station by Contractor James D. Leary, who is to build the first section of the Speedway from One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street to High Bridge, and escorted him to the scene where operations are to begin.

Already there was a big crowd in waiting, and the Mayor's appearance was greeted by a rousing cheer. He was escorted by Contractor Leary and President Tappan to a point about 100 feet from the street where the frozen earth had been leveled.

Shovels were thrust into the ground, and a shovel from one of the laborers, the Mayor began a brief address, and the Mayor began a brief address, and the Mayor began a brief address.

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PRICE ONE CENT.

EXTRA. 2 O'CLOCK.

UNDER A KEEN BLADE.

Vaillant Loses His Head and Anarchy Loses a Follower.

Impressive Scenes at the Guillotine in Paris This Morning.

Crowds of Spectators Held Back by a Great Force of Troops.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, Feb. 5.—Auguste Vaillant, the anarchist, who on Dec. 9 last threw a bomb into the Chamber of Deputies, was executed at about 7:30 o'clock this morning. His last words were:

"Death to Society; long live Anarchy!"

For a week past people have been haunting the neighborhood of the Place de la Roquette in anticipation of witnessing Vaillant's execution, but as late as Saturday afternoon it was reported that Premier Casimir-Perier and M. Dupuy, President of the Chamber of Deputies, favored a commutation of Vaillant's sentence, and that, if executed at all, he would not be decapitated until the middle of this week.

Late last evening, however, the news spread throughout Paris in some mysterious manner that Vaillant was to be executed, and people began gathering about the famous prison of La Roquette in spite of the rain. Workmen created barricades across all the streets leading to the square, from which the people were soon driven by the police.

Many of the crowd appeared to be in sympathy with Vaillant, and were told in their headquarters of the spot where the execution was to take place. A detachment of the Garde Republicaine arrived upon the spot and the center of the Place de la Roquette was cleared. Later a squadron of mounted Gendarmes Republican arrived on the spot. The crowd steadily increased, and finally a rush up the Rue de la Roquette was made, and movement on the part of the police, and the populace was swept backward until order was completely restored.

At this time fully 2,000 policemen of various descriptions and Garde Republicaine were on duty. A large machine arrived in two large vans at about 3:30 o'clock. M. Diebler, known as the executioner, was in the van, and a high hat, draped in a black cloth and a high hat, draped in a black cloth and a high hat, draped in a black cloth.

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